

# State of the Phish: At a Glance

## INTRODUCTION

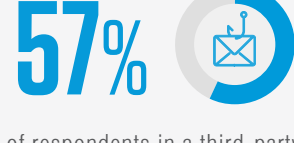
Cybersecurity can be tricky in normal times. In not-so-normal times—such as a global pandemic that leads to dramatic changes in work environments—it can seem downright overwhelming. Over the last year, information security professionals have faced a deluge of coronavirus-themed phishing scams and a continuing surge in ransomware attacks. At the same time, they have struggled to keep their users secure amid an abrupt shift to remote work.

Our 2021 *State of the Phish* report explores the effects of these trends and more. Analysing simulated phishing exercises, surveys and real-world cyber attacks, it explores today's biggest threats. It examines users' greatest vulnerabilities. And most important, it offers insights into what you can do about them.

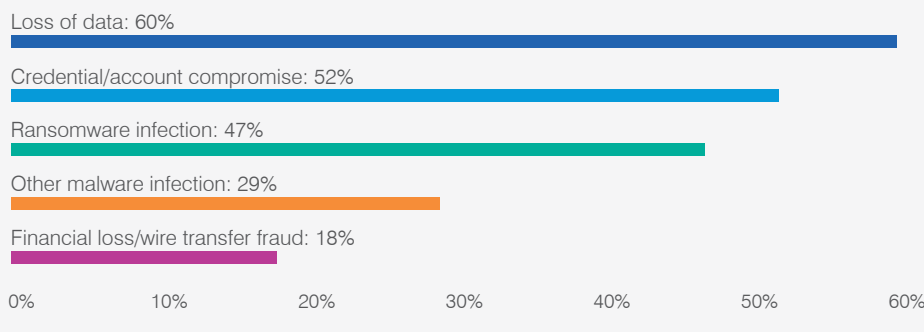
Here's an overview of this year's key findings.

## THE THREATS ARE GROWING

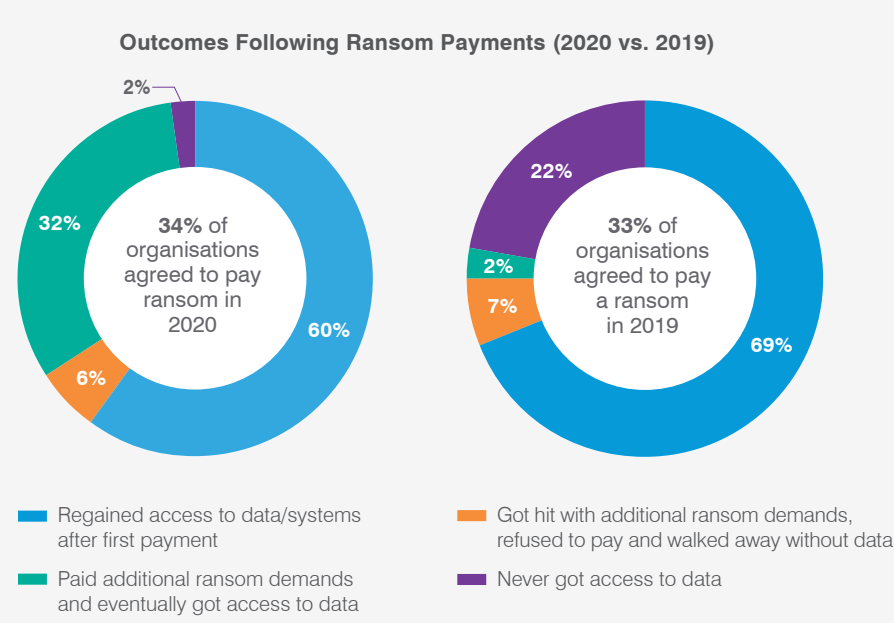
2020 was a banner year for phishing attacks, hitting victims in a multitude of ways.



of respondents in a third-party survey said their organisation experienced a successful phishing attack in 2020, up from **55%** in 2019



A slightly higher percentage of ransomware victims paid attackers to regain access to their data and systems. But fewer got what they were promised, and nearly a third ended up paying additional ransom.



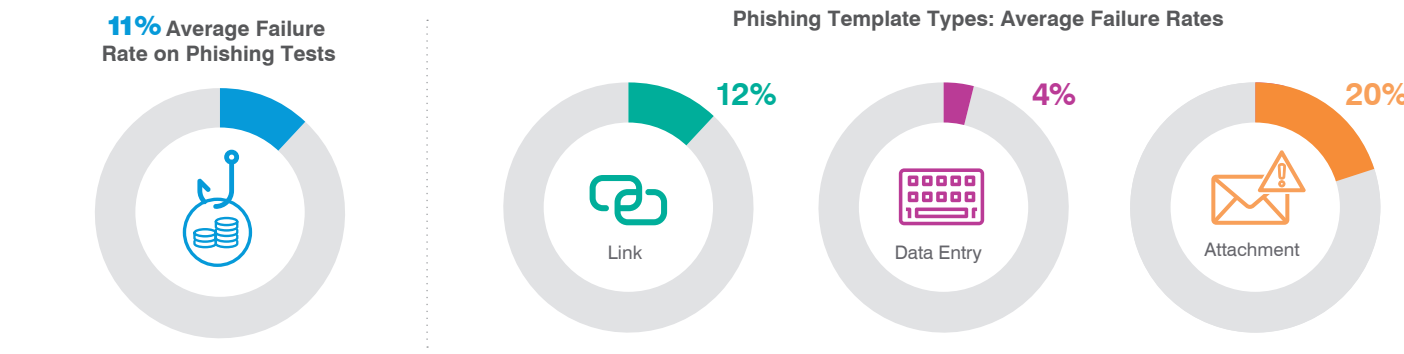
**INTERNATIONAL**

- 68%** of US organisations said they paid a ransom in 2020, twice the global average
- 41%** of Spanish organisations refused to pay a ransom after being infected, making them the least likely to negotiate with attackers
- 78%** of French organisations were lucky enough to regain access to their data and systems after paying a single ransom, the highest of any region surveyed (the US was the second highest at **76%**)
- 14%** of German organisations refused to pay a follow-up ransom, the highest among the regions surveyed

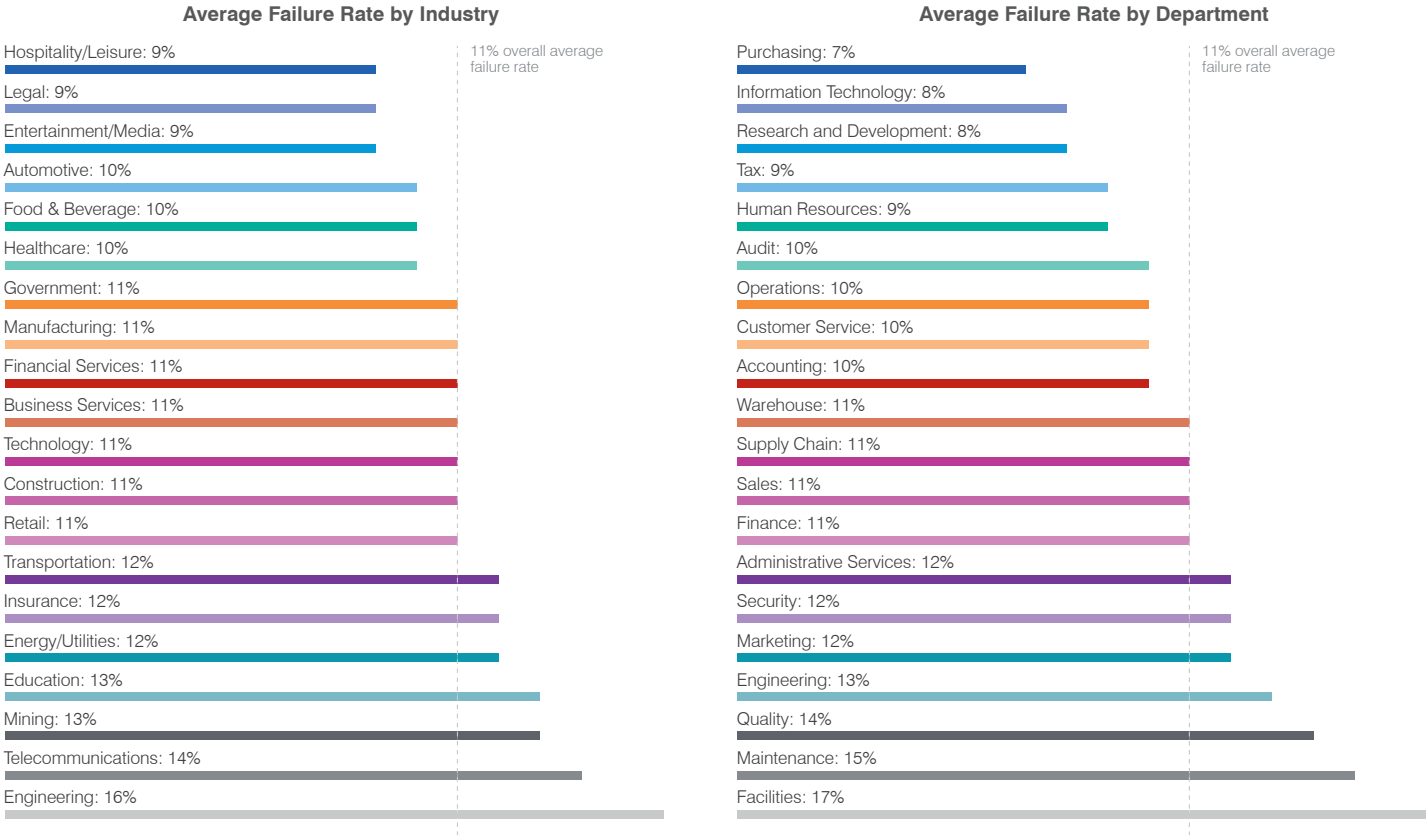
## WHERE USERS ARE MOST VULNERABLE

Today's attacks target people, not just technology. Knowing where users are most vulnerable is a critical part of equipping them to be more resilient.

More than 1 in 10 users clicked on a simulated phishing email. For phishing tests with attachments, that figure was 1 in 5.

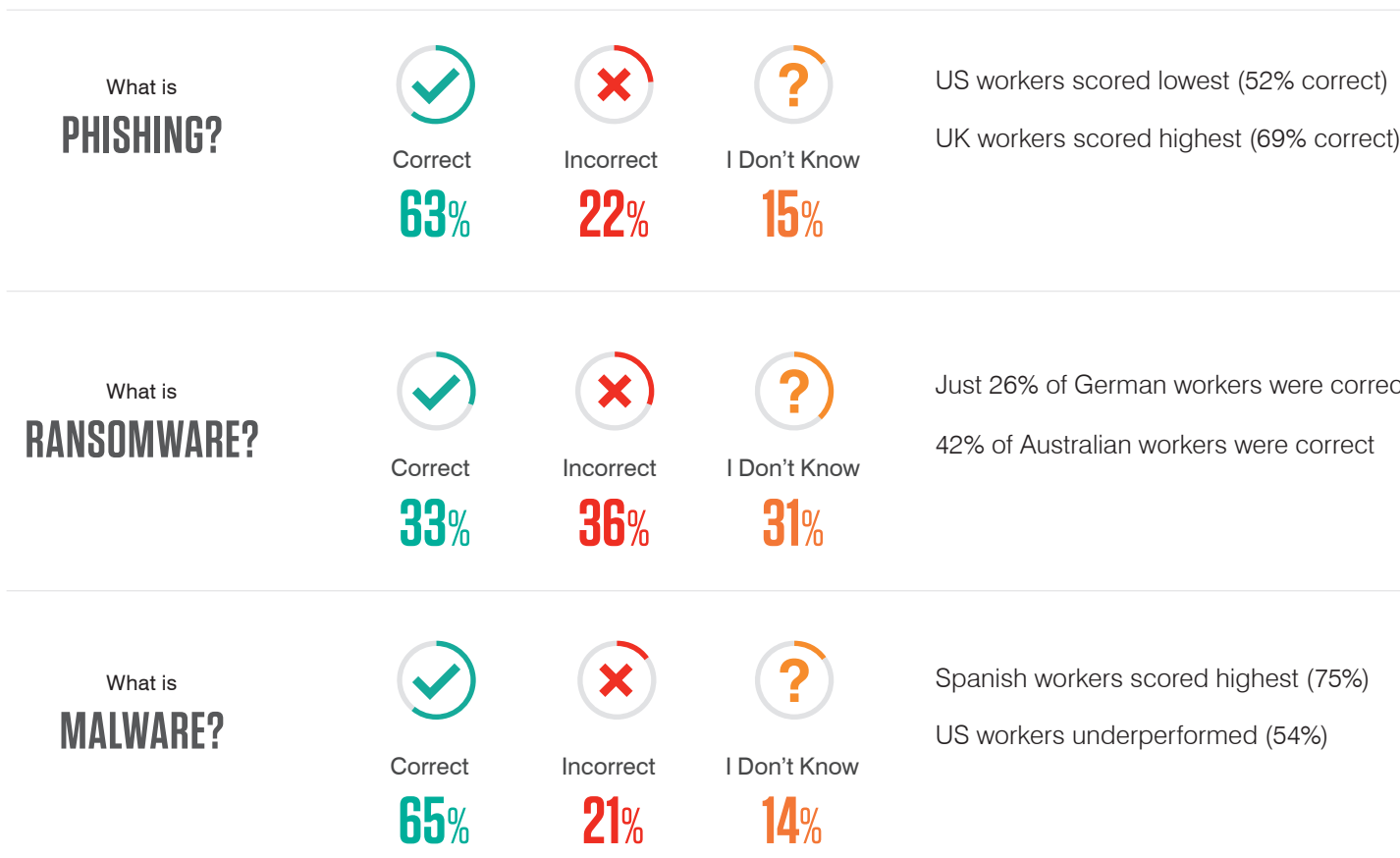


Users in some industries are more vulnerable than others. The same goes for users in different departments.



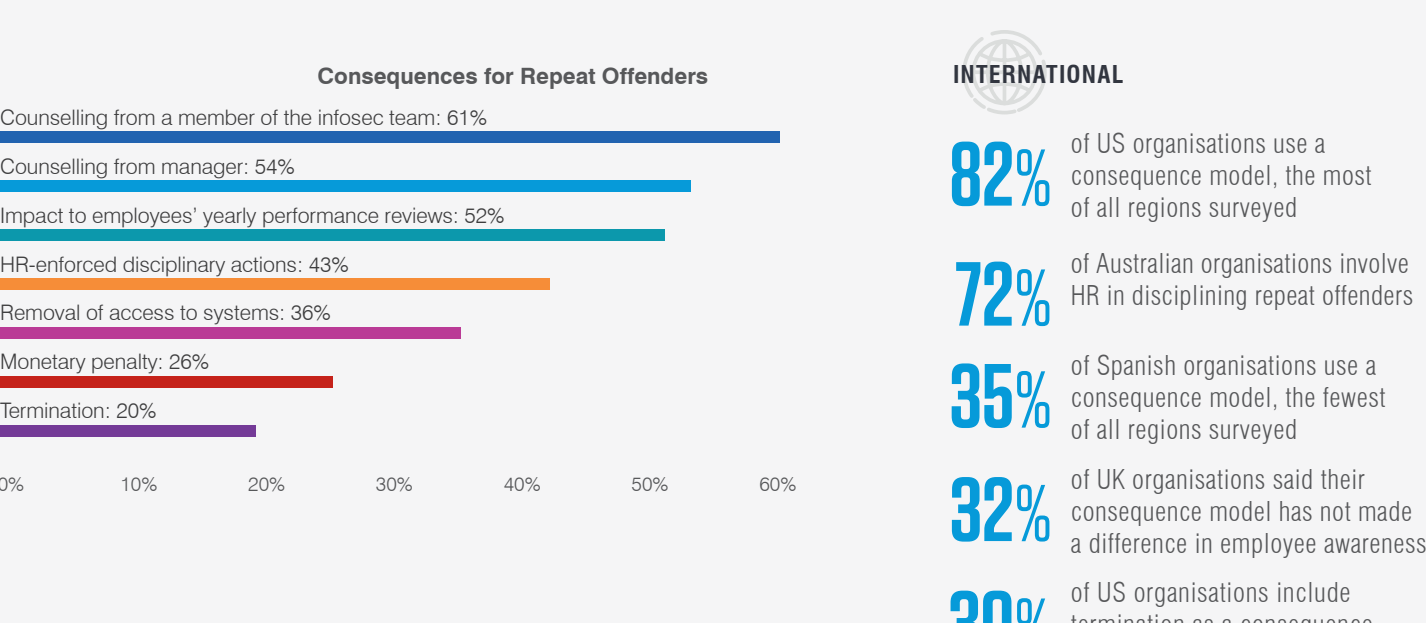
## Common cybersecurity terms may seem second nature to IT leaders, but many users don't know them.

Our "what is" survey questions offered three multiple choice answers and an "I don't know" option. Users who don't know an answer may pose as much risk as those who answer incorrectly.



## HOW ORGANISATIONS ARE RESPONDING

While we don't recommend punishing users for honest mistakes, some organisations use a consequence model for "repeat offenders."



## GET THE FULL REPORT

Want to learn more? The 2021 *State of the Phish* report includes data from:



Get the report for a detailed picture of today's phishing threat and steps you can take to build a people-centric cybersecurity strategy that helps enhance user awareness, reduce risk and make your people more resilient.

[www.proofpoint.com/uk/resources/threat-reports/state-of-phish](http://www.proofpoint.com/uk/resources/threat-reports/state-of-phish)