Securing Healthcare Provider Organisations with Proofpoint

Protecting People, Processes and Patient Data

Cyber attacks on the healthcare industry are constantly on the rise. Highly sensitive patient data can have high monetary value, making attackers target such organisations. COVID-19 has made this industry even more vulnerable. Now, physicians and non-clinical staff deliver more patient care services remotely, increasing the exposure of cyber threats. Proofpoint can help you. Our cybersecurity and compliance solutions protect you, your staff and your patients.

Telehealth and work-from-home options are powerful tools which have made it easy for healthcare staff to deliver patient care. But these new remote work options open doors to cyber threats that could expose medical data, disrupt patient care or negatively impact your patients’ safety.

Healthcare institutions now consider cybersecurity a patient safety issue core to healthcare’s overall mission. However, like many organisations across a variety of industries, healthcare has invested in traditional security tools that protect the perimeter. These tools can’t see—let alone stop—advanced threats that put healthcare data at risk.

Besides, threats are changing. As the healthcare industry moves beyond the network perimeter, so do attackers. But threats don’t just move, they take on new forms and targets. Every person in your healthcare organisation represents a different level of security or compliance risk. This is based on the data they have access to and how they use technology to do their job.

Nurses have more access and exposure to patient information, making them a primary cyber target. Clinical researchers have access to prized intellectual property which significantly raises their vulnerability level. Hospital staff working in the supply chain regularly interact with a variety of third-party systems, raising their threat level. Threats like credential phishing unlock access to far more than an email account. They give attackers access to a wealth of data stored in the cloud, beyond the reach of traditional security tools. Healthcare workers, patients, doctors and others are exposed to this new breed of people-focused attacks.

However, we must not forget that healthcare organisations are still prime targets for ransomware and other malware-based attacks. Such attacks, while reduced in volume, are now more targeted. More so than ever before, organisations need to continue to address this threat type with a combined technology and training approach.
Healthcare Cyber Security Challenges

Healthcare organisations face new challenges as they seek to embrace innovative approaches to the delivery of care without putting themselves, their clinicians or their patients at risk. The challenges facing healthcare IT and security leaders in 2021 and beyond are far more complex, making it even more difficult for healthcare institutions to maintain a secure environment to enable digital health.

Shift to secure new care models

The use of mobile health, telemedicine and the Internet of Things has increased the attack surface. Healthcare consumers use a variety of mobile health (mHealth) applications, wearable medical devices and home-based medical technology. Clinicians bring personal devices to work and take work devices home. And emerging technologies and the blurring lines between clinical and home settings add to the complexity. They have contributed to a decentralised, perimeter-less IT infrastructure. This has made it much more difficult to protect.

Data storage and protection

Securing the doctor-patient relationship is an important part of healthcare. If data is not stored securely with third parties, or if it is sent un-encrypted, there is a risk of exposing patient information. While all healthcare organisations report that they collect, store, and share sensitive data, only 38% said they are encrypting the data.¹

Cloud security

Healthcare understands the many benefits of cloud computing: leveraging standardised applications, utilising pay-per-use models, and reducing capital expenditures. Because there is a perceived risk with cloud services, healthcare has been slow to adopt cloud offerings, but is now catching up. Recognising the benefits of cloud solutions, healthcare security leaders are seeking out solutions that offer robust compliance, maintain privacy and transaction integrity and are adaptable to safeguard cloud applications from business associates and supply chain ecosystem partners.

At the same time, many healthcare organisations continue to use legacy systems due to the proprietary nature of some components and are unable to move to cloud services. This itself introduces further risk as criminals utilise new vulnerabilities to spread malware, including ransomware-based attacks, that can take an organisation offline.

Supply chain security

Healthcare providers depend on a variety of external suppliers, partners and business associates to support their business. These interdependent relationships form a complex third-party ecosystem vulnerable to theft and emerging cyber risks. New points of entry that threat actors can use to compromise the hospital supply chain. The old saying “a chain is no stronger than its weakest link” is more relevant now in healthcare than ever. Devastating losses can happen when a single weak spot of a hospital supply chain is infiltrated and is then weaponised to extract sensitive data.

Evolving healthcare cyber threat landscape

The growing high-value market for medical information makes healthcare organisations an attractive target. You must take a defensive posture and assume the industry is under attack from threats like nation-state attacks and hacking. Simple viruses and malware belong in the past. The most damaging cyber attacks are both targeted at and operated by people with strategic entry points plotted over time and collectively posing serious damage. In fact, according to research, it takes healthcare organisations the longest to discover a data breach at an average of 329 days.²

¹ 2019 Thales Data Threat Report
² 2020 Cost of a Data Breach Report from IBM Security, by the Ponemon Institute
Take a People-Centric Approach

Today’s cyber attacks target people, not technology. That’s why healthcare organisations must take a people-centered approach to securing their clinical workers, non-clinical employees, and the sensitive data they use and share. The nature of clinical work requires a focus on providing optimal patient care, often at a rapid pace, rather than considering the legitimacy of an email. It’s one reason the industry remains an easy target for malicious activity. And the potential payoff of successful attacks is high.

At the same time, healthcare organisations have to meet the strict requirements of the EU General Data Protection Regulations, especially as organisations are processing and storing genetic, biometric and health data, all data categories included in the list of special category data - where greater levels of control need to be implemented. Organisations must implement adequate security controls to protect this data, not only to avoid potential fines, but also to safeguard patient privacy.

Our 2020 report, “Healthcare Threat Landscape” explores what we call Very Attacked People™ (VAPs) in healthcare. We use the term to describe users within an organisation who are the most heavily targeted by cyber threats. Figure 1 shows a real-life example.

Children’s Hospital

In this example, the “physician” was the most attacked title. Privacy concerns are heightened with children because they are a popular target for identity theft. A minor’s patient record is extremely valuable on the dark web or underground economy. Most children have not established a credit history and will not be applying for loans or credit cards at the time of breach.

Cyber crime actors know most people are not monitoring if their data is being used for fraud. Notably, the volume of backdoor activity was highest in facilities management, which often has weak security controls.

These environments often employ permissive assets, such as Internet of Things (IoT) devices and air filtration systems. They are often network pivot points for attack in corporate IT enterprise.

Healthcare Use Cases—How Proofpoint Can Help

Distributed health security

Healthcare encompasses a wide range of organisations and IT environments sharing information between patients and clinicians to move towards a patient-centered or connected care model. Email is a popular method of disseminating confidential information, and a large majority of high-profile healthcare data breaches begin with targeted phishing attacks.

Proofpoint has the right solutions for the healthcare industry by protecting users in the way they work today:

- **Email Protection** delivers top-rated email security to stop malware and non-malware threats.
- **Data Loss Prevention (DLP)** mitigates the risk of email data loss and protects against email fraud.
- **Targeted Attack Protection (TAP)** with sandboxing capabilities detects and stops advanced threats.
- **Proofpoint Threat Response** allows organisations to respond quickly to resolve threats and remove malicious emails.
- **Proofpoint Security Awareness Training** provides employees training to spot healthcare-themed social engineering attacks, such as sophisticated phishing ploys.
Protection against impostor attacks
Impostor emails are fraudulent messages designed to look like they’re from someone the recipient knows or can trust. These attacks can be hard to detect because they don’t exploit technical vulnerabilities. They target specific job functions that have access to monetisable activity—such as pharmacists, clinical researchers, supply chain workers or hospital foundation staff.
Proofpoint offers an integrated, people-centric, end-to-end solution that stops all forms of email fraud, no matter the tactic used, or the person being targeted:
• Advanced Email Security blocks phishing and impostor emails that use spoofed and use lookalike domain names. It uses advanced machine learning and multiple detection engines to detect these targeted attacks. And it stops them before they reach users’ inboxes.
• Domain-based Message Authentication Reporting and Conformance (DMARC) is deployed to help email authentication. It stops spoofed email before it defrauds employees, clinical staff and business associates.

Securing O365 and other cloud environments
A cloud access security broker (CASB) is a critical element of cloud security architecture. Now more healthcare organisations move data and applications to the cloud and are accessing more sensitive data over internet connections. They need to see cloud activity as it unfolds across the healthcare ecosystem and supply chain.
Proofpoint CASB helps organisations scan and act quickly on potential cloud-based email policy violations across the continuum of care. It reduces the risk of a cyber-attack or data breach. And it uses an organisation’s email flow to identify confidential data within cloud file services including Office365, DropBox, Box and Salesforce.

Secure care collaboration
Healthcare staff need effective collaboration and communication at the point of care. They have mobile solutions that connect clinicians and patients. But they are built for function and convenience rather than security. They are often used outside the confines of the protected enterprise network.
Physicians may access clinical applications from personal devices. At the same time, they may use personal email accounts on corporate-issued hardware. Proofpoint Browser Isolation keeps users’ personal activity and harmful content out of your environment.
It works by insulating webmail and any URLs they contain within a protected container. Users can access their personal accounts freely and privately through their usual web browser. But potentially harmful content and actions are disabled, so your environment stays safe.

Insider threat protection
An insider leaking patient information at a doctor’s office or hospital may seem like a scene from a TV medical drama. But insider threats are all too real. In fact, nearly half of all breaches in healthcare involve internal threat actors. Three of the most common insider threat risks and data loss for healthcare organisations include:
1. Theft or misuse of Protected Health Information (PHI)
2. Theft or misuse of Electronic Health Records (EHR)
3. Insurance and other financial fraud
Proofpoint Insider Threat Management (ITM) protects against data loss, malicious acts and brand damage involving insiders acting maliciously, negligently or unknowingly. Our ITM solution correlates activity and data movement, empowering security teams to identify user risk, detect and respond to insider-led data breaches, and accelerate security incident response.

3 2020 Verizon Data Breach Investigations Report (VBIR)
**PHI Protection: Keeping patients’ data safe**

The number one threat vector in healthcare is people being attacked through email. Having the right email data loss prevention (DLP) ensures sensitive and critical information is classified and accessed by the right people.

With **Proofpoint People-Centric DLP**, healthcare institutions can identify and respond quickly to data risks posed by negligent, compromised and malicious users. Proofpoint’s unified platform allows customers to define data of interest and leverage these definitions across the entire Proofpoint platform, and then protect the confidentiality of individual email messages through **Email Encryption**. The user community can trigger encrypted messages automatically by adding a keyword of choice to the subject line, or trigger message-level encryption on the basis of DLP rules.

Proofpoint’s unified incident manager provides not only a single location to view DLP violations across email, cloud and endpoint, but also provides extended threat and context information by combining this data.

**Manage regulatory compliance standards while reducing complexity**

Many regulated companies struggle to:

- Identify where their business communications are taking place
- Ensure that this content is captured and securely archived
- Search and retrieve content for audits quickly and cost-effectively
- Monitor and supervise workers who use these channels

**Proofpoint Archiving and Compliance** solution provides all-in-one people-centric compliance.

That means:

- You are covered from the moment content is disseminated to when it is indexed, archived and retrieved.
- It applies your regulatory policies automatically, including local healthcare regulations and GDPR related rules.
- You can be sure your digital engagement efforts comply with any communication and retention rules.
- You can supervise, remediate (revise or remove), and archive content easily, faster and inexpensively.

**Conclusion**

Proofpoint gives health institutions protection and visibility for their greatest cybersecurity risk: their people. We provide the most effective cybersecurity to protect healthcare workers, whether they are targeted through email, the web, social media, or cloud apps. We help stop threats before they reach clinical and support staff, safeguard data, and ultimately help healthcare protect patients from cyber-attacks. Leading healthcare organisations of all sizes rely on Proofpoint to prevent, detect and respond to their most critical security before they cause lasting harm.

**LEARN MORE**

Learn more about how we can help you take a people-centric approach to protecting your data, operations, and care mission at [proofpoint.com/uk/solutions/healthcare-information-security](http://proofpoint.com/uk/solutions/healthcare-information-security).